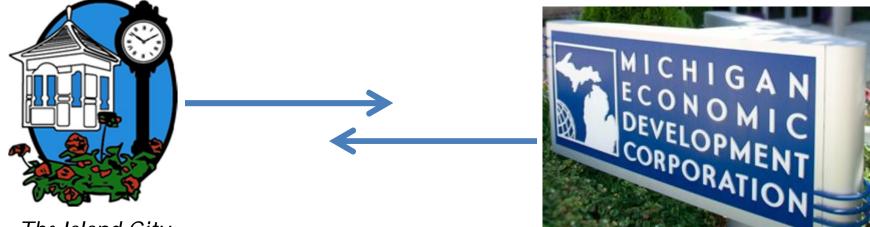
MEDC Impacts in Plainwell





MEDC has Improved Economic Vitality in Plainwell



The Island City

"The Michigan Economic Development Corporation has been a phenomenal partner in helping us respond to local economic development challenges we wouldn't be able to tackle alone." - Plainwell Mayor Richard Brooks

MEDC Impact on Plainwell Three Projects...

- Façade Enhancements CDBG 2012
 - 2 Buildings Located in the CBD \$121,175 matched with \$41,623 of private investment
- Public Infrastructure CDBG 2010
 - Downtown Parking Lot (Fannie Pell Park) and Pedestrian Bridge
 - \$639,000 with a City Match of \$71,000
- Blight Elimination Michigan Strategic Fund, CDBG 2010
 - \$1,000,000 Grant with a City Match of \$50,000
 - \$1,000,000 Grant from DEQ Brownfield Red.
 - \$300,000 Grant from the DEQ- Site Reclamation
 - MEDC allowed DEQ funds as grant match







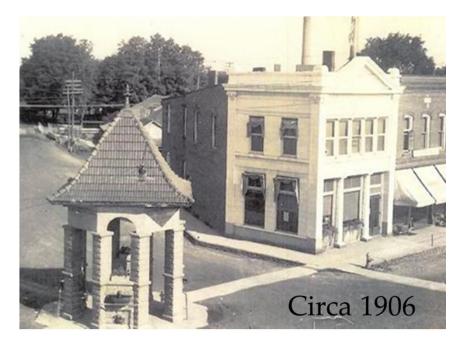
Façade Enhancements 107 S. Main Street - Rhino's CDBG - MSHDA



- \$31,640 CDBG
- \$33,640 private investment
- Local companies used during project



Façade Enhancements 111 N. Main Street CDBG - MSHDA





- \$19,535 CDBG
- \$19,535 Private Investment

Mansard Roof = What ???

Façade Enhancements 111 N. Main Street CDBG - MSHDA





Michigan Downtown Association -2009 1st Place – State of Michigan Communities under 10,000 population



Façade Enhancements 101 S. Main Street CDBG - MEDC



- \$58,393 CDBG
- \$20,695 private investment
- Actively pursuing a MSHDA Rental Rehab Program to create three to four affordable units in a building that has been underutilized since 1991

<u>Façade Enhancements</u> 102 S. Main Street, Campbell's Pharmacy CDBG - MEDC





- \$62,782 CDBG
- \$20,928 private investment
- Local companies used during project

"Our tenants can't express enough how wonderful it is to have new windows. It is warmer, quieter, and overall it makes it a nicer place to live," Mark Darrow, Mgr.

Fannie Pell Park Improvements

Project Total - \$710,000

\$639,000 Grant (MEDC)

\$71,000 – City Match

Additional downtown parking (25) serving the public

Demolition of obsolete structures

Public restroom facility

New ADA pedestrian bridge to central mill building/improved entrance New kayak livery





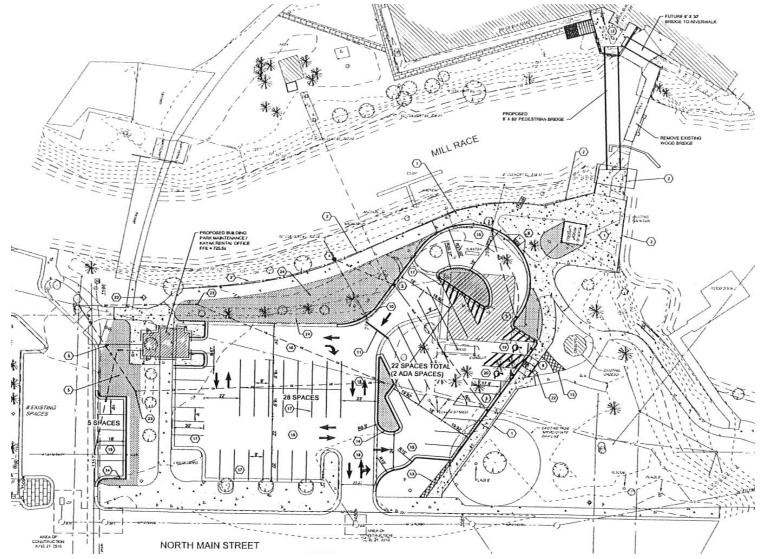






"Renaissance Race" T.J. Aitken

<u>Public Infrastructure</u> - CDBG Fannie Pell Park - 2010



Public Infrastructure - CDBG Fannie Pell Park - 2010

"Found" former waterway that ran underneath garage





Former garage used by mill blocked view of historic structure...



<u>Public Infrastructure</u> - CDBG Fannie Pell Park - 2010

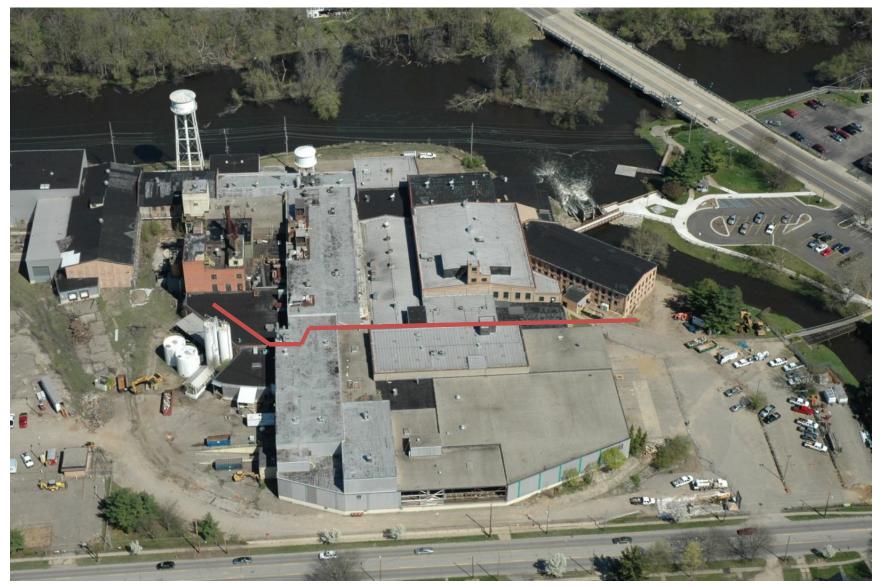
Placing ADA Pedestrian Bridge - Heated





- Essentially non-brick structures to be removed
- "Vision for Tomorrow"
- Historic "contributing" structures to stay















Historic Mill Complex now Listed on National Register

- Preserve and safeguard our community's heritage
- Help to stabilize property values and strengthen our local economy
- Many public and private grant/loan funds are set aside for structures on historic registers





United States Department of the Interior

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE 1849 C Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20240

Preliminary determinations:

appears to meet the National Register Criteria for Evaluation and will likely be listed in the National Register of Historic Places if nominated by Historic Preservation Officer according to the procedures set forth in 36 CFR Part 60.

Secured Development Partner

- New Location PLAINWELL
- \$2,400,000 private investment into CRA offices and Common Area
- 50 Jobs!
- First time in over a decade that part of the mill is held in private hands.

"CRA's business takes us all over the country; our construction headquarters does not need to be in Michigan. With a strong partner in the MEDC and the advantages the Community Block Program offered us, it made our \$2 million dollar / 50 job investment in Michigan make sense."

Wayne G. Bauman, Vice President/Principal Conestoga – Rovers & Associates, Inc.

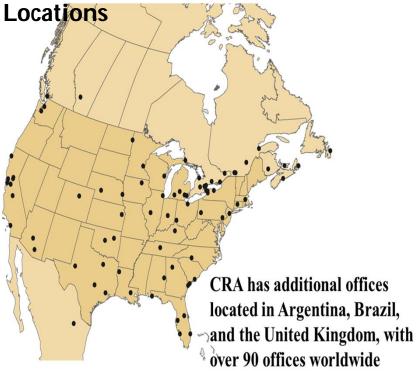




Secured Development Partner



CRA's North American Office



<u>SPECIALTY</u>	NUMBER <u>EMPLOYED</u>
• Engineers	800
 Scientists (Biologists, Chemists, Toxicologists, etc.) 	350
Geologists/Hydrogeologists	250
Technicians/Technologists	800
 IT Professionals (including programmers/graphics, etc.) 	150
Support	550
Total	2,900

*CRA's knowledge of Superfund was critical

City Hall Move

- Requirement of development agreement with CRA
- Anchor for rest of development
- Secures access to mill building for public
- Recovery of scrap metal was used for City Hall move





Mill Significance

>Big....36 Acres in a City of 2.2 sq. miles
 >Over 250,000 sq. ft. of building (east side)
 > 2,134 feet of state highway (M-89) frontage
 > 3,370 (.64 miles) feet of river frontage



Mill Significance

Tied into the social fabric of Plainwell and region

- Provided employment for generations of citizens (400-500 jobs)
- At one point, mill consisted of 17% of the City's General Fund
- In the year 2000, mill paid \$47,000 in utility payments to the city

Collapse of DDA



2. Mill Significance

IUNE 2003

Government Finance Review

GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

Exhibit 2: 10-Point Scale of Fiscal Distress

Large Decrease in Real Taxable Value (2 years)

(中国) (中国)

Real Taxable Value Growth (2 years)

Population Growth (2 years)

Performance Standard

If the government lost population, then it is penalized one point. If the government experienced negative real growth, then it is penalized one point. If growth in real taxable value is less than -0.04, then the government is penalized one point. The level of -0.04 is approximately one standard deviation below the average two-year real growth rate for cities and villages and approximately 1.5 standard deviations below the township average. The standard used is closer to the city and village standard deviation because very few townships experienced fiscal distress.

If a city or village scores greater than 0.05, or if a township scores greater than 0.01, then the government is penalized one point. This is the only variable for which we use a separate standard depending on the type of government. We did this because a half standard deviation in the "wrong direction" gives a standard of 0.05 for cities and villages and 0.01 for townships.

This indicator is calculated by subtracting general fund revenues from general fund expenditures for a given year and dividing the result by general fund revenues. If the result is less than -0.01, it is considered a nontrivial operating deficit and the government is penalized one point.

Governments are penalized one point for each year in which they record an operating deficit. Thus, they can be penalized a total of three points for operating deficitsone for a current operating deficit and two for previous operating deficits.

If this ratio is less than 0.13, then the government is penalized one point. Using a half standard deviation in the "wrong direction" as a benchmark (indicating a low fund balance), the resulting indicator threshold is about 0.13.

Governments are penalized one point for a current or previous year deficit in a major fund. For a definition of a major fund, see Stephen Gauthier, Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting (Chicago: GFOA, 2001).

If this ratio is greater than 0.06, then the government is penalized one point. The governments in our sample averaged 0.025 on this variable. Accordingly, one standard deviation in the "wrong direction" (high debt level) gives us a performance standard of about 6 percent.

	1999 Scores		2000 Scores
10	Highland Park	8	Flint
7	Hamtramck	0	
6	River Rouge	1	Benton Harbor
5	Benton Harbor	6	Ecorse
5	Buena Vista Township	6	Kinross Township
5	Ecorse	5	Hamtramck
5	Flint	5	Highland Park
5	Jackson	5	
5	Kalamazoo	2	Newaygo
5	Pontiac	5	River Rouge

	2001 Scores	
9	Flint	- 1
7	Benton Harbor	
7	Ecorse	
6	Munising	
6	Plainwell	4
5	Detroit	
5	Kinross Township	- 19
5	Newaygo	
5	Norway	
5	Pontiac	19-11 19-11
5	Reading	

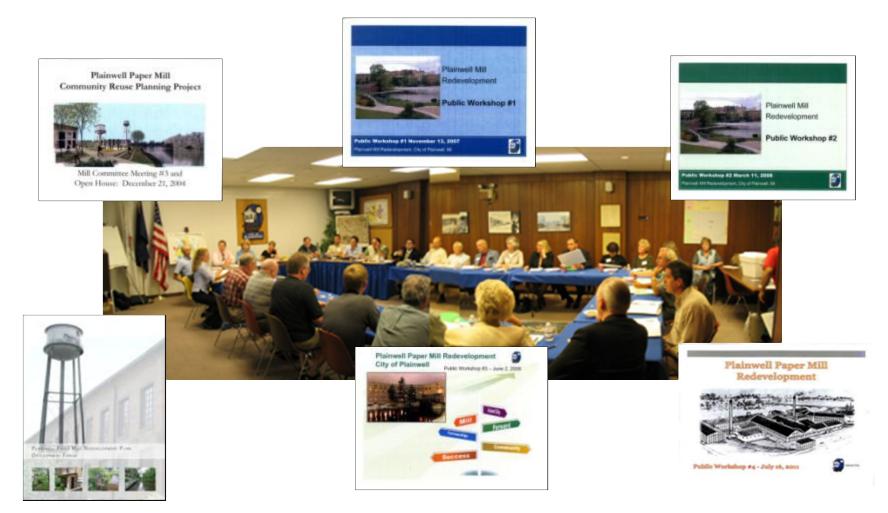


of General Fund Revenues

Current or Previous Year Deficit in a Major Fund

General Long-Term Debt as a Percentage of Real Taxable Value

Public Input (Pre and Post Acquisition)



Strategic Investment: Asset or Anchor?

Why did the Council pursue the mill? Controlling our own destiny

- our terms / our vision
- why wait?
- if not us, who?
- shining the apple
- no market for vacant mills



Allied Paper Mill Kalamazoo, Michigan



Strategic Investment: Asset or Anchor?



Plainwell Mayor Richard Brooks signs closing documents - August 31, 2006.

<u>City of Plainwell boosting its economy</u>

"Instead of wringing their hands, as have other communities when a major industrial plant shuts its doors and puts many people out of work, Plainwell's leaders are doing something about it.....we admire the aggressive action of Plainwell."

-Kalamazoo Gazette Editorial, September 6, 2006

Vision for Tomorrow: Mill Concept Plan



- Western Redevelopment
 - Gateway condition
 - Prince St. connection
- Central Redevelopment
 - River view corridors
 - Allegan St.

- Mill Redevelopment
 - Access and parking
 - Mill race crossing

Mill Documentary - Trailer



Our Thoughts...

- All three projects resulting from our partnership with MEDC has had a dramatic effect on our downtown. Thank You!
- Revitalization efforts sets stage for further development
- Levels the playing field for small communities like ours
- It has helped protect and preserve our community's sense of place
- Plainwell has been good stewards with the resources you have provided us
- How do we facilitate investment on Superfund/Brownfield Sites?
 - timing and momentum is everything

Questions.....

EE